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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/632,187	07/30/2003	Jurgen Engel	103832-477-NP	9817
7590 07/29/2005			EXAMINER	
GOODWIN PROCTER LLP			DELACROIX MUIRHEI, CYBILLE	
599 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1614	
			DATE MAILED: 07/29/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/632,187	ENGEL ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Cybille Delacroix-Muirheid	1614					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appearing for Reply	opears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03	May 2005						
<u>_</u>	is action is non-final.						
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closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 7-11 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
• • •	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-6 and 12 is/are rejected.						
,	☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
	or ciconon requirement.						
Application Papers		• •					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the l	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bure	•	Treceived in this National Glage					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
-		• •					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	(s)/Mail Date						
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	8) 5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Art Unit: 1614

Detailed Action

The following is responsive to applicant's amendment received May 3, 2005. Claims 1-12 are currently pending.

The previous objection of claims 5-6 under 37 CFR 1.75(c) set forth in paragraph 1 of the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004 is withdrawn. However, claims 7-11 remain objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) because a multiple dependent claim cannot depend from another multiple dependent claims and should refer to other claims in the alternative only, i.e. —or—instead of "and."

Claims 7-11 remain withdrawn from consideration.

The previous claim objection of claims 1-4, 12 set forth in paragraph 2 of the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004 is withdrawn in view of applicant's amendment and the remarks contained therein.

The previous claim rejection under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, set forth in paragraph 3 of the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004 is withdrawn in view of applicant's amendment and the remarks contained therein.

However, applicant's arguments traversing (1) the previous claim rejection under 35 USC 102(b) over Nickel et al., 6,093,704 (paragraph 4 of the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004); (2) the previous claim rejection under 35 USC 102(e) over Nickel et al., 6,696,428 (paragraph 5 of the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004); (3) the previous claim rejection under 35 USC 102(b) over Nossner et al., 6,172,050 (paragraph 6 of the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004); (4) the previous claim rejection under 35 USC 103(a) over Engel et al., 5,942,639 in view of Nickel et al. (paragraph 7 of the office action mailed

Art Unit: 1614

Nov. 3, 2004); and (5) the previous obviousness-type double patenting rejections set forth in paragraphs 8-9 of the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004, have been considered but are not found to be persuasive.

Said rejections are maintained essentially for the reasons given previously in the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004 with the following additional comment:

Claim Rejection(s)—35 USC 102:

Applicant argues that Nickel et al. '704, '428 and Nossner et al. '050 fail to teach or suggest, either implicitly or explicitly, each and every element of the claimed invention. The scope of the presently claimed invention is the administration of the expressly claimed alkylphosphocholines in combination with the claimed anti-tumor medicaments for treating benign and malignant tumor diseases. None of the references discloses applicant's claimed combination.

Said arguments have been considered but are not found to be persuasive.

The examiner respectfully submits that applicant's arguments pertain to the intended use of the claimed drug products as well as the claimed method of using alkylphosphocholine compounds (formula (I) and (II)) for making a drug product to be used in a combination treatment method. Please note, applicant's claims are directed to a method of using the claimed alkylphosphocholine compounds "for the manufacture of a drug product for the treatment of benign oncoses before and/or during treatment" with the claimed anti-tumor substances. Claim 12 is drawn to a drug product comprising an alkylphosphocholine of formula I or II "for use in the treatment of benign and malignant oncoses with an approved antitumor substance."

Page 4

Art Unit: 1614

However, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See In re Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963) (The claims were directed to a core member for hair curlers and a process of making a core member for hair curlers. Court held that the intended use of hair curling was of no significance to the structure and process of making.). In this case, concerning claims 1-6, the intended use of treating benign and malignant oncoses before and/or during treatment with the claimed anti-tumor agents is of no significant to the method of using the claimed alkylphosphocholine compounds for the manufacture of a drug product. Finally, concerning claim 12, the pharmaceutical compositions disclosed by Nickel et al. '704, '428 and Nossner would be capable of performing the claimed intended use, i.e. for use in the treatment benign and malignant oncoses before and/or during treatment with the claimed anti-tumor agents.

Please note, claims 5-6 fall under the previous 102 rejections since they further limit the intended use of the claims from which they depend and therefore do not describe a structural difference between the claims and the prior art.

The rejections are respectfully maintained.

Claim Rejection(s)—35 USC 103:

Art Unit: 1614

Applicant argues that the prior art fails to disclose or fairly teach the claimed inventions. Specifically, there is no suggestion or motivation to use alkylphosphocholines in combination with the claimed anti-tumor substances.

Furthermore, Nickel et al. '704 describe compositions and methods of using alkylphosphocholines in conjunction with an appetite-stimulating dopamine receptor antagonist to treat side effects of a decrease in body weight caused by administration of alkylphosphocholines in tumor therapy.

Said arguments have been considered but are not found to be persuasive.

As stated above, applicant's arguments pertain to the intended use of the claimed drug products as well as the claimed method of using alkylphosphocholine compounds (formula (I) and (II)) for making a drug product to be used in a combination treatment method. Applicant's claims are directed to a method of using the claimed alkylphosphocholine compounds "for the manufacture of a drug product for the treatment of benign oncoses before and/or during treatment" with the claimed anti-tumor substances. Claim 12 is drawn to a drug product comprising an alkylphosphocholine of formula I or II "for use in the treatment of benign and malignant oncoses with an approved antitumor substance."

However, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as

Art Unit: 1614

compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963) (The claims were directed to a core member for hair curlers and a process of making a core member for hair curlers. Court held that the intended use of hair curling was of no significance to the structure and process of making.). In this case, concerning claims 1-2, 5-6, the intended use of treating benign and malignant oncoses before and/or during treatment with the claimed anti-tumor agents is of no significant to the method of using the claimed alkylphosphocholine compounds for the manufacture of a drug product. Finally, concerning claim 12, the pharmaceutical compositions disclosed by Engel and Nickel et al. '704 would be capable of performing the claimed intended use, i.e. for use in the treatment benign and malignant oncoses before and/or during treatment with the claimed anti-tumor agents.

Please note, claims 5-6 fall under the previous 103 rejection since they further limit the intended use of the claims from which they depend and therefore do not describe a structural difference between the claims and the prior art.

The rejection is respectfully maintained.

Double Patenting Rejections:

Applicant essentially argues that the examiner has failed to make a prima facie case of obviousness regarding the use of alkylphosphocholines in combination with the anti-tumor medicaments for treating benign and malignant tumor diseases.

Said argument has been considered but is not found persuasive.

For the same reasons discussed above as well as those presented in the office action mailed Nov. 3, 2004, the double patenting rejections are maintained.

Conclusion

Claims 1-6 and 12 stand rejected.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Cybille Delacroix-Muirheid** whose telephone number is **571-272-0572**. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs. from 8:30 to 6:00 as well as every other Friday from 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Christopher Low**, can be reached on **571-272-0951**. The fax phone

Application/Control Number: 10/632,187 Page 8

Art Unit: 1614

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is **571- 273-8300**.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> REBECCA COOK PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1200 / 6/9